Annual Report 2021



SRI LANKA COUNCIL FOR AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH POLICY 114/9, WIJERAMA MAWATHA COLOMBO 07, SRI LANKA

CONTENTS

VISION	3
MISSION	3
GOALS	3
OBJECTIVES	4
MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL 2021	5
MANDATED FUNCTIONS OF THE COUNCIL	8
REPORT OF THE CHAIRMAN	10
REPORT OF THE SECRETARY	12
ACTIVITIES OF THE SLCARP IN 2021	14
AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH MANAGEMENT	22
MOTIVATION OF THE SCIENTISTS	25
FUNDING	26
HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT	27
ACHIEVEMENTS OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (SDG) - 2021	31
STAFF OF THE SLCARP	32
ACKNOWI EDGEMENTS	21

VISION

A vibrant and sustainable agricultural research, development and innovation system assuring socio-economic development of Sri Lanka

MISSION

To ensure agricultural research, development and innovations are directed towards national development goals through policy formulation, facilitation, coordination, monitoring and evaluation, and impact assessment.

GOALS

- Goal 1: To orient agriculture research, development and innovation to national development goals
- Goal 2: Promote capacity development in the National Agriculture Research System (NARS)
- Goal 3: Achieve world class research, development and innovation status
- Goal 4: Promote continuous performance appraisal in line agencies
- Goal 5: Promote dissemination and awareness creation of the national agriculture research,

 Development and innovations
- Goal 6: Strengthen institutional capacity of Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy (SLCARP) in order to NARS

THE OBJECTIVES OF THE SLCARP

- 1. To achieve excellence in the agriculture research, development and innovation
- 2. To orient agriculture research and innovation to achieve national development agenda
- 3. To develop capacity of the National Agriculture Research and Innovation System (Scientific and Technical)
- 4. To promote demand driven research of high standards to support agriculture developments.
- 5. To promote international, regional and national level corporation, in order to achieve world class research, development and innovation
- 6. To monitor and evaluate progress of national research, development and innovation programs and institutions
- 7. To promote dissemination and awareness of the national agriculture research, development and innovation programs
- 8. To strengthen institutional capacity of the SLCARP in order to achieve National Development Agenda

MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL 2021

- 1. Prof. Gamini Senanayake, Chairman, Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy
- 2. Dr. S H S Ajantha de Silva, Additional Secretary (Agri Technology), Ministry of Agriculture till 17.08.2021
- 3. Dr. Gamini Samarasingh, Additional Secretary (Agri Technology), Ministry of Agriculture from 11.10.2021
- 4. Mr. P.G.S.H Kumara, Deputy Director, Department of Project Management & Monitoring, Ministry of Finance till 20.07.2021
- 5. Mrs. H.G.V.K.T Gunawardana, Assistant Director, Department of National Planning, Ministry of Finance from 24.09.2021
- 6. Dr. W M W Weerakoon, Director General, Department of Agriculture till 21.09.2021
- 7. Dr. S H S Ajantha de Silva, Director General, Department of Agriculture, from 16.09.2021
- 8. Dr. K M A Bandara, Additional Conservator General of Forest (Research, Education & Development), Department of Forest till 15.06.2021
- 9. Mrs. Deepani Alawathugoda, Additional Conservator General of Forest (Research, Education & Development), Department of Forest from 25.10.2021
- 10. Dr. H M P Kithsiri, Director General, National Aquatic Resources Research and Development Agency
- 11. Dr. (Mrs.) G A Gunawardena, Deputy Director (Veterinary Research), Veterinary Research Institute, Gannoruwa,
- 12. Mr. Chitharal Jayawardena, Economist, Sri Lanka Ports Authority
- 13. Dr. L S K Hettiarachchi, Director, Tea Research Institute
- 14. Ms. J.M.T Jayasundara, Additional Secretary, Ministry of Plantation
- 15. Prof Ranjith Senarathne. Chairman, National Science Foundation
- 16. Mr. Anura Weerakoon, Chairman / Managing Director, Agro Culture Trends Pvt. Ltd.
- 17. Mr. Prabath Wimal Kumara, Secretary / Director, Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy

ATTENDANCE IN COUNCIL MEETINGS

No.	Name	234th meeting 19.01.2021	235th meeting 16.02.2021	236th meeting 16.03.2021	237th meeting 20.04.2021	238th meeting 18.05.2021	239th meeting 15.06.2021	240th meeting 20.07.2021	241th meeting 17.08.2021	242th meeting 21.09.2021	243th meeting 26.10.2021	244th meeting 16.11.2022	245th meeting 21.12.2021
1	Porf. Gamini Senanayake	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
2	Mr. Prabath Wimal Kumara	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
3	Dr. K.M.A Bandara	A	A	A	A	Е	Е	X	X	X	X	X	X
4	Dr. G.A Gunawardena	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
5	Dr. W.M.W Weerakoon	A	P	A	A	Е	P	A	Е	X	X	X	X
6	Dr. H.M.P Kithsiri	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
7	Mr. P.G.S.H Kumara	P	P	P	P	P	Е	X	X	X	X	X	X
8	Dr. S.H.S Ajantha De Silva	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
9	Mr. Chitharal Jayawardena	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	Е	P	P
10	Dr. L.S.K Hettiarachchi	A	A	P	P	Е	P	P	P	P	P	Е	P
11	Ms. J.M.T Jayasundara	P	P	P	P	Е	P	A	P	P	P	P	P
12	Prof. Ranjith Senaratne	P	A	P	A	Е	Е	A	P	Е	P	Е	A
13	Mr.Aruna Weerakoon	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	Е	Е	P	P	P
14	Mrs. H.G.V.K.T Gunawardana	X	X	X	X	X	X	P	P	P	P	P	P
15	Dr. W.L.G Samarasinghe	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	P	P	P
16	Mrs. Deepani Alawathugoda	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	P	A

E = Excused, A = Absent, P = Present, X = Not appointed to the Board of the Council

COUNCIL MEETINGS 2021

During the year 2021, total of twelve Council meetings were held. Prof. Gamini Senanayake was the Chairman of the Council during the year 2021. Mr. Prabath Wimal Kumara served as the Secretary / Director of the Council in the year 2021.

AUDIT AND MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE-2021

During the year 2021total of three Audit and Management Committee (AMC) meetings were held at the SLCARP to discuss Finance and Administrative matters.

	Institute	62 Meeting	63 Meeting	64 Meeting
Name		- 16.02.2021	(20.07.2021)	(09.12.2021)
Mr. P G S H Kumara	Deputy Director,	present	X	X
(Chairman)	Department of	•		
	Project Management			
	& Monitoring,			
	Ministry of Finance			
	Economy & Policy			
	Development			
Mrs. H.G.V.K.T	Assistant Director,	X	present	present
Gunawardana	Department of			
(Chairperson)	National Planning,			
	Ministry of Finance			
D GHGA: 4 D	Additional Secretary,	present	present	present
Dr. S H S Ajantha De	Ministry of			
Silva	Agriculture			
	Director General,	present	present	present
Dr H M P Kithsiri	NARA			
Ms. W S	Audit Superintendent,	present	present	present
	Agriculture, Agrarian Board			
Bopagamage	Internal Auditor,	present	X	procent
	Ministry of	present	Λ	present
Mr. U S L Kumara	Agriculture,			
Mr E W P K	Internal Auditor,	X	present	present
Priyadarshana	Ministry of Agriculture			

INTRODUCTION

Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy (SLCARP) was established on 22nd December, 1987 under the Ministry of Agriculture with the enactment of the SLCARP Act No 47 of 1987. Since then, SLCARP has been actively engaged in research management, supporting agricultural research in the National Agricultural Research System (NARS). Among its mandated functions, the primary responsibility of SLCARP is to develop policies and strategies to strengthen research and development in the agricultural research sector by creating conducive environment to conduct agricultural research in the NARS. Agricultural Research Management is also one of the main mandatory function of the SLCARP. The main functions of the SLCARP is to identify research priority areas, facilitate interaction through sharing of information on the respective fields, resolve constraints confronted in research and play a role in enhancing the activities of the respective committees. At present there are Six National Sector Committees established by the Council:

National Committee on Food Crop Sector (NCFCS),

National Committee on Plantations Crops Sector (NCPS),

National Committee on Floriculture Sector (NCFLS).

National Committee on Forestry Sector (NCFS),

National Committee on Fisheries & Aquatic Resources Sector (NCFARS),

National Committee on Livestock & Poultry Sector (NCLPS),

In addition, special scientific committees were appointed for specific scientific services such as;

- i. Editorial Board of Sri Lanka Journal of Food and Agriculture,
- ii. Sub committees on Research Allowance

MANDATED FUNCTIONS OF THE COUNCIL

- 1. To advise the Government on all matters regarding the organization, co-ordination, planning and execution of agricultural research and such other related matters as may be referred to it by the Minister;
- 2. To formulate national agricultural research policy and priorities;
- 3. To define the overall aims and scope of agricultural research with a view to furthering national development objectives;
- 4. To make recommendations to the appropriate authorities on the financial, manpower and physical resources required by agricultural research institutions and establishments and on the terms and conditions of service of the staff of such institutions and establishments;
- 5. To review institutional and departmental agricultural research programs and make recommendations with regard to their priorities and funding to the Ministry of the Minister in charge of the subject of Finance and Planning;
- 6. To promote and facilitate excellence in agricultural research;
- 7. To act as a channel of communication between agricultural research institutions and the Government;
- 8. To arrange for and fund inter-institutional agricultural research projects;
- 9. To arrange for and fund special scientific services for services for the entire agricultural research sector;
- 10. To promote linkage between agricultural research institutions at national and international level;
- 11. To organize conferences and seminars on international, national and inter-institutional issues relating to agricultural research;
- 12. To arrange the post-graduate training of agricultural research staff and for interchange of scientists with recognized research institutions abroad; and
- 13. To review the performance of agricultural research projects, institutions and divisions from time to time.

REPORT OF THE CHAIRMAN

The Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy (SLCARP) is the apex organization in the National Agricultural Research System (NARS) and mandated to fund research for new technology development, and innovation for the socioeconomic advancement of the country. SLCARP has made a great contribution to the development of the country through a variety of initiatives, such as the funding and monitoring of research projects, reviewing of Agricultural Research Institutes, and the human resources capacity building.

To assess the research output of the National Agricultural Research System (NARS) institutions, the Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy (SLCARP) is mandated to conduct external reviews. The main goals of these external evaluations are to assess performance, identify best practices, encourage continual development, and instill a research culture within NARS. Structured guidelines for the External Review of the Institutes were developed in 2021 by an expert committee established by the council. The expert committee introduced new scoring system to evaluate the NARS institutes.

The COVID-19 pandemic outbreak badly affected the regular functions of the institute in year 2021. It also had a negative impact on the economy, society, research functions of the NARS. However even with those instabilities SLCARP continue her duties and arranged many services to scientists in the NARS. The COVID 19 pandemic was badly effect to the SLCARP capacity building programme as well. Many scholars could not complete their studies within given period. The study periods were extended to the scholars who were already reading post graduate degrees in foreign Universities for successful completion of the degree. Special Cabinet approval was obtained for the six scholars to start their degree who could not start their PG degrees due the COVID 19 pandemic. Due to the crisis situation of the country, local post graduate training programme was started to develop human resources capacity of the scientist in the NARS, and seven researchers were selected from Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research Institute and Veterinary Research Institute.

During this year, 105 Research Concept Papers were collected from National Agricultural

Research System and National University System to consider for calling project proposals for

funding under the NARP for year 2022. These concept papers were evaluated and short listed by

SLCARP Research Management Staff and proposals were called from applicants of selected

concept papers. The selected concept papers were categorized as follows; organic fertilizer

related 33, organic pesticide related 19 and other 55.

As per the recommendation made by the External Review Committee of SLCARP, six National

sector committees were formed instead of the disciplinary wise National committees. These

newly formed Six Committees were National Committee on Food Crop Sector, Plantation Crop

Sector, Floriculture Sector, Forestry Sector, Livestock & Poultry and Fisheries & Aquatic

Resources. The members to these National Sector Committees were appointed considering their

expertise/experience on relevant sector representing the National Agricultural Research System,

National University System and Private Sector. The council member representing each sector

was appointed as the Chairman/Chairperson of each Sector Committee. Inception meeting was

held with all Chairmen/Chair persons of all sectors. At this meeting the TOR of the National

Sector Committees was discussed and finalized. Due pandemic situation all meetings, workshops

were conducted through online.

Finally, I would like to express my gratitude to each and every member of the council for

successfully administering the institute during this crucial time. I sincerely thank the

Secretary/Director, Deputy Director of Research Management, Senior Scientists, Research

Officers, Assistant Director of Administration, Accountant, and the rest of the employees for

their dedication and good work in carrying out their responsibilities.

Prof. Gamini Senanayake

Chairman,

Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy

Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy

11

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY

With the provision of the Act No. 47 of 1987 commissioned Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy (SLCARP) to promote and enable excellence in agricultural research within the National Agricultural Research System as well as coordinate research and human resource development (NARS). Since then, the SLCARP has been actively supporting NARS, including research funds and initiatives for the development of NARS scientists' human resources. The main functions of the SLCARP are identification of research policies and research priority areas, to uplift the agriculture sector in the country. In the year 2021, Six National Sector Committees was established by the Council with the experts of the agriculture sector and Chairman of the each committees was represented by the council member respectively. During the year 2021, National Sector Committees were operated though the virtual meetings to discuss Term of reference (TOR) of the committee and national research priorities. The Committees evaluated 105 NARP concept papers in 2021 and proposals were called for NARP program 2022. Analysis of the Action Plans of all NARS Institutes in 2021 has revealed that all institutes compliance to the Research Priorities set by the SLCARP.

As per the cabinet approval the capacity development program has continued in 2021 and three new scholars were registered for their post graduate degrees in Malaysia Puthra University. Seven scientists were selected for local post graduate trainings from the Veterinary Research Institute and the Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research and Training Institute.

The SLCARP collects information on research personnel, research projects and recurrent research budget of previous year, annually in electronic format from the 13 Research Institutions (Coconut Research Institute (CRI), Palmyrah Research Institute (PRI), Rubber Research Institute(RRI), Sugarcane Research Institute (SRI), Tea Research Institute (TRI), Veterinary Research Institute (VRI), National Aquatic Resources Research & Development Agency (NARA), National Institute of Post-Harvest Management (NIPHM), Hector Kobbakaduwa Agrarian Research and Training Institute (HARTI),Department of National Botanic Gardens (DNBG), Forest Department (FD), Department of Export Agriculture (DEA) and Department of Agriculture (DOA) in the NARS including 19 sub institutions of DOA. During the 2021 information were requested from 12 institutions of NARS including 19 sub institutions of DOA.

During the year 2021 thirty one database were expected and thirty were collected. Database

were processed and compiled for national database of year 2020, while granting online training

for five new INFROM coordinators.

The SLCARP is tasked with conducting external reviews to evaluate the research performance

and output of the NARS institutions. The council-appointed expert committee constructed a

novel grading methodology and an External Review Guidelines, to evaluate the NARS institutes

under External Review Program in 2021. The Natural Resources Management Center (NRMC)

and the Socio Economics and Planning Center (SEPC) of the Department of Agriculture were

granted with the approval of the council to conduct external reviews in 2021.

Finally, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to the Chairman, the Council Members, the

AMC Members, all of the National Committee Members, and the staff of the SLCARP for their

diligent efforts in assisting the organization in achieving its goals during the COVID 19

pandemic situation in the year 2021.

Prabath Wimal Kumara

Secretary / Director

Sri Lanka Council of Agricultural Research Policy

Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy

13

ACTIVITIES OF THE SLCARP IN 2021

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH POLICY FORMULATION

Mandated Function Covered

- To Advise the Govt. on all Matters Regarding the Organization, Coordination, Planning and Execution of Agricultural Research and Such Other Related Matters as may Referred by the Minister (1)
- Formulation of National Agricultural Research Policy & Priorities (2)
- Defining Overall Aims and Scope of Agricultural Research with a View to Furthering National Development Objectives (3)
- To act as a channel of communication between agricultural research institutions and the Government (7)
- Organize Conferences & Seminars on Inter-Institutional, National and International Issues Relating to Agricultural Research (11)

Analysis of Research Action Plans of 25 National Agricultural Research Institutes (NARIs) in 2021

One of the most important mandated functions of SLCARP is collection and analysis of Research Action Plans of the National Agricultural Research System. Significant amount of Government funds are allocated annually to undertake research in 25 Research Institutes under five Ministries, covering Plantation, Food Crops, Fisheries & Aquatic Resources, Livestock & Poultry, Forestry and Floriculture Sectors. Therefore it is very important to see whether these funds are allocated according to the National Research Priorities. Hence, these collected research Action Plans were analyzed to see whether research Action Plans are according to the National Research priorities identified by SLCARP. Based on this analysis, status report is prepared and published as an electronic version annually. A status review report is published in printed version once in four years. In 2021 Action Plans collected from 25 intuitions.

National Agricultural Research Plan (NARP)

National Agricultural Research Plan of Sri Lanka (NARP) is a program to provide funds to carry out Agriculture Research projects of the National Agricultural Research System (NARS) and National University System. These projects are designed in accordance with the national priority areas identified by Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy for a particular period. Currently funds are provided to Department of Agriculture, Department of Export Agriculture and National Universities where agriculture related research are carried out. The projects are granted annually for a period of 1 to 3 years. Four main sub activities such as (1). Calling, Evaluation and selecting of Concept papers, (2). Calling proposals from the selected concept papers, Evaluation and Recommendation of those Research proposals for funding, (3). Monitoring of the Progress of the Research projects and (4). Evaluation of Terminal Reports are included in this NARP Program.

Research Concept Papers were called first. Then, evaluated it in-house to select the most suitable concept papers as per the selection criteria and ranked as per the selection marks, in order to call Research Proposals. Then Research Proposals are called from the selected concept papers, these Proposals are evaluated by two external reviewers as per the evaluation criteria provided by SLCARP and comments of the reviewers were tabled to the relevant Sector Committee for final recommendation and to the Council for approval. After having the Council Approval, these project Proposals are submitted to Treasury through the Ministry of Agriculture for funding.

Management of ongoing projects is done by relevant officers of SLCARP throughout the year and Half Yearly Progress monitoring, annual On-site monitoring are done by relevant Committee members and SLCARP Officials. After completing the project, Terminal Reports prepared as per the guidelines provided by SLCARP are collected and evaluated by the External Reviewer as per the evaluation criteria provided by SLCARP, tabled to the relevant Sector Committee for recommendation and Council for approval..

In 2021, 31 new projects were granted under this program (22 for DOA and 9 for National Universities) and total Number of 65 projects including new projects, conducted at DOA (47), DEA (4) and 14 from National Universities, were operated under the NARP program. Progress Reports for the First Half Year were collected from DOA and DEA and First Half yearly progress monitoring of 37 projects were done by the relevant Committees /subcommittees via zoom facility. First Half Year progress reports were not collected from the universities as funds were available NUS project up to June 2021. The first installment of the year 2021 funds were provided to them in June 2021. Eleven Terminal Reports were collected and 9 were sent to External Reviewers for evaluation.

In 2021, 105 Concept Papers were collected from National Agricultural Research System and National University System (NUS) to consider for calling project proposals for funding under the NARP for the year 2022. These concept papers were evaluated and ranked by SLCARP Research Management Staff (RMS). Accordingly, 79 (DOA-19 & NUS-43) papers were selected for calling Proposals. Proposals were called from DOA from these selected concept papers. Since the unavailability of funds for year 2022 for the NUS, proposals were not called from National Universities for year 2022.

National Sector Committees of SLCARP

As per the recommendation made by the External Review Committee of SLCARP, six National Sector Committees were formed and the disciplinary wise 7 National committees on; 1. Crop Improvement & Agronomy, 2. Agricultural Biotechnology, 3. Plant Protection, 4. Natural Resources Management, Sustainable Agriculture and Climate Change, 5. Post-Harvest Technology & Human Nutrition, 6. Organic Agriculture and 7. Socio-Economic & Policy Analysis and 8. Agricultural mechanization and also 3 sector wise National committees on; 1. Floriculture, 2. Forestry, 3. Livestock & Poultry, and 4. Fisheries & Aquatic Resources were abolished.

The Six Committees newly formed were National Committee on Food Crop Sector, Plantation Crop Sector, Floriculture Sector, Forestry Sector, Livestock & Poultry and Fisheries & Aquatic Resources. These National Sector Committee members were appointed considering their expertise/experience on relevant sector representing the National Agricultural Research System, National University System and Private Sector. The council member representing each sector was appointed as the Chairman/Chairperson of each Sector Committee. Inception meeting was held with all Chairmen/Chair persons of all sectors. At this meeting the Terms of Reference (TOR) was discussed and revised.

i) National Committee on Food Crop Sector (NCFCS)

There were 16 members in this committee including the Chairman and the Secretary and all members were appointed by the Council. Dr. Ajantha de Silva, Director General of the Department of Agriculture who represents the Food Crop Sector of the Council was the Chairman of the committee while Dr P C Girihagama, Deputy Director of the Council for Agricultural Research Policy was the Secretary to the Committee. In the year 2021, one Committee meeting was held via online facility. Committee discussed the TOR at the very beginning of the meeting and familiarized the TOR. Initial discussions were commenced to formulate National Research Priorities on Food Crop Sector. It was decided to hold a stake holder workshop to identify research gaps and needs and to invite all relevant stakeholders. In this regard a workshop was organized in collaboration with Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research & Training Institute. Though it was scheduled to hold in mid-December, due to unavoidable circumstances, it had been postponed to January next year. Five Sub Committees were appointed for Agricultural Biotechnology, Plant Breeding, Plant Protection, Agronomy and Post-Harvest Technology to assist the Main Committee.

ii) National Committee on Plantation Sector (NCPS)

There were 14 members in this committee including the Chairman and the Secretary and all members were appointed by the Council. Dr. Saman Hettiarachchi, Director, Tea Research Institute who represents the Perennial Crop Sector of the Council was the Chairman of the committee while Dr. Shanika Jayasekera, Senior Scientist of the Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy was the Secretary to the Committee. In the year 2021, one Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy

Committee meeting was held via online facility. Committee discussed the TOR at the very beginning of the meeting and familiarized the TOR. Initial discussions were commenced to formulate National Research Priorities on Plantation Crop Sector.

iii) National Committee on Forestry Sector (NCFS)

There were 08 members in this committee including the Chairman and the Secretary and all members were appointed by the Council. Dr. K M A Bandara, Additional Conservator, Department of Forest who represents the Forest Sector of the Council was the chairman of the committee while Dr. N S Jayasekera, Senior Scientist of the Council for Agricultural Research Policy was the Secretary to the Committee. In the year 2021, one Committee meeting was held via online facility. Committee discussed the TOR at the very beginning of the meeting and familiarized the TOR. Initial discussions were commenced to formulate National Research Priorities on Forestry Sector.

iv) National Committee on Livestock and Poultry Sector (NCLPS)

There were 10 members in this committee including the Chairman and the Secretary and all members were appointed by the Council. Dr G A Gunawardena, Deputy Director, Veterinary Research Institute who represents the Livestock Sector of the Council was the chairperson of the committee while Mr Sameera Dissanayake, Research Officer of the Council for Agricultural Research Policy was the Secretary to the Committee. In the year 2021, one Committee meeting was held via online facility. Committee discussed the TOR at the very beginning of the meeting and familiarized the TOR. Initial discussions were commenced to formulate National Research Priorities on Livestock and Poultry Sector.

v) National Committee on Floriculture Sector (NCFLS)

There were 09 members in this committee including the Chairman and the Secretary and all members were appointed by the Council. Prof Ranjith Senarathne, Chairman, National Science

Foundation, who represents the Floriculture Sector of the Council was the chairman of the committee while Dr S M P C Padmini, Senior Scientist of the Council for Agricultural Research Policy was the Secretary to the Committee. In the year 2021, one Committee meeting was held via online facility.

Committee discussed the TOR at the very beginning of the meeting and familiarized the TOR. Initial discussions were commenced to formulate National Research Priorities on Floriculture Sector.

vi) National Committee on Fisheries & Aquatic Resources Sector (NCFARS)

There were 11 members in this committee including the Chairman and the Secretary and all members were appointed by the Council. Dr. H M P Kithsiri, Director General of the NARA who represents the Fisheries Sector of the Council was Chairman of the committee while Dr. N S Jayasekera, Senior Scientist of the Council for Agricultural Research Policy was the Secretary to the Committee. In the year 2021, one Committee meeting was held via online facility. Committee discussed the TOR at the very beginning of the meeting and familiarized the TOR. Initial discussions were commenced to formulate National Research Priorities on Fisheries &Aquatic Resources Sector.

WORKSHOPS AND SYMPOSIA CONDUCTED IN 2021

14th National Symposium for Floriculture Research 2021 (14th NASFLOR – 2021)

The Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy and Department of National Botanic Gardens conducted the Annual National Symposium on Floriculture Research (NASFLOR-2021) on 16thDecember2021 as virtual Symposium to highlight and to discuss the recent research findings in this field. Researchers, Growers, Exporters and Policy makers participated and shared their experiences to develop this sector. Sixteen research papers related to floriculture sector were presented by researchers and those papers were grouped to six categories.

Private Public Partnership (PPP) Workshop

National Committee on Floriculture Sector organized a workshop on 15th October 2021 at 9.30am through online facility regarding Private Public Partnership (PPP). The objective of the workshop was to develop private public partnership to the improvement of the development of the floriculture sector. Private sector participants highlighted the research requirements and discussed with the researchers to develop research programs. The exporters highlighted that they requested new crops, every year. Some countries such as Australia capitalize on this and focus their research and product development using the indigenous flora. In addition to those new crops, there are many new varieties of traditional floricultural crops introduced into the market every year. Such species are coming from the countries such as the Netherlands where a strong network of floriculture research and development is available. Prof Ranjith Senaratne, Chairman of the National Committee on Floriculture Sector thanked all the participants of the PPP meeting and requested to develop one or two pilot projects with collaboration of private sector. Around 30 Researchers, Growers, Exporters participated the workshop.

Trainings and Webinars

Art of Writing a Research Policy Brief



A webinar was organized on 23 September 2021, by SLCARP for NARS scientists to publish research findings and resource person for the webinar was Prof Gamini Senanayake, Chairman, SLCARP.A total of hundred and fifty three (153) NARS scientists

participated to the webinar through online facility.

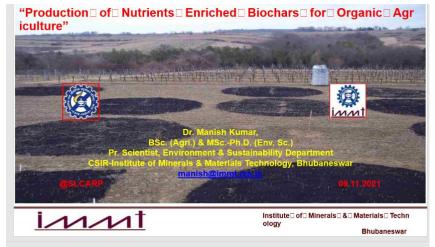
Advance Techniques in Postharvest Management of Fruits and Vegetable,



An awareness program on **Advance Techniques in Postharvest Management of Fruits and Vegetable** was organized on 28

September 2021, by SLCARP for NARS scientists. Resource person for the webinar was Prof Ilmi Hewajulige, Additional Director General, Industrial Technology Institute. A total of hundred and seventy five (175) NARS scientists participated to the webinar through online facility

Production of Nutrients Enriched Biochar for Organic Agriculture



An awareness program on Production of Nutrients
Enriched Biochar for Organic Agriculture was organized on 09 November 2021, by SLCARP for NARS scientists. Resource person for the webinar was Dr. Manish Kumar, Principal Scientist, CSIR-Institute of

Minerals and Materials Technology, Bhubaneswar, India. A total of hundred and twenty two (122) NARS scientists participated to the webinar through online facility.

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH MANAGEMENT

Mandated Function Covered

- Make Recommendations to Appropriate Authorities on Financial, Manpower and Physical Resources Required by Agricultural Research Institutions (4)
- Review Institutional and Departmental Agricultural Research Programs and Make Recommendations with Regard to their Priorities and Funding to the Ministry of the Minister in Charge of the Subject of Finance and Planning (5)
- Review the performance of agricultural research projects, Institutions and Divisions from time to time (13)

Information for Agricultural Research Managers (INFORM)

INFORM is a Management Information System including program budgeting operated by SLCARP and the Management of the INFORM database is also done by SLCARP. Information on research personnel, research projects and recurrent research budget related to previous year, is collected annually in electronic form from the 13 Research Institutions (Coconut Research Institute (CRI), Palmyrah Research Institute (PRI), Rubber Research Institute(RRI), Sugarcane Research Institute (SRI), Tea Research Institute (TRI), Veterinary Research Institute (VRI), National Aquatic Resources Research & Development Agency (NARA), National Institute of Post-Harvest Management (NIPHM), Hector Kobbakaduwa Agrarian Research and Training Institute (HARTI), Department of National Botanic Gardens (DNBG), Forest Department (FD), Department of Export Agriculture (DEA) and Department of Agriculture (DOA) in the NARS including 19 sub institutions of DOA. During the 2021 information were requested from 12 institutions of NARS including 19 sub institutions of DOA. During the year 2021 thirty one databases were expected and thirty were collected. Databases were processed and resubmitted to the relevant institution. National Database for the year 2020 was prepared by compiling the

processed databases. Individual training via Zoom was provided to five INFORM Coordinators. The INFORM-2018 was published.

External Review of Research Institutes – 2021

External review is an important mandatory function of the Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy (SLCARP) to measure the research performances of the National Agricultural Research System (NARS). The Main objectives of these external reviews are to evaluate the performances; recognize good practices; facilitate continuous improvements and inculcate the research culture into the NARS. The main features of external review are; self-evaluation institution, review visit and perusal of evidence culminating in a review report with judgment and commentary. The overall purpose of external review is to achieve research goals and use a peer review process to promote sharing of good practices and to facilitate continuous improvement. This overall purpose can be sub divided into specific aspects such as 1. Confidence, 2. Accountability, 3. Information, 4. Improvement, 5. Innovation. External Review of NARS institutions is done once in five years.

In the year 2021, External Review guidelines were prepared by the council-appointed expert committee to use as a guideline to do the external review of the Institutes. Prof. Tilak P D Gamage, Faculty of Fisheries, Marine Sciences & Technology, University of Ruhuna (Chairman of the Committee), Dr. D.S.P. Kuruppuarachchi - Dean, Faculty of Management and Finance, SANASA Campus and Dr. D S de Z Abeysiriwardena, Senior Consultant (R& D), CIC, Agribusiness were the members of this committee.

In year 2021, Council approval was taken to review two institutes; Socio Economics and Planning Centre and Natural Resources Management Center of the Department of Agriculture. Two committees were appointed by the council to conduct the external review of these two institutes and each committee consisted of three members. Self—evaluation reports were collected from two institutes. Review visits of the institutes could not be done due to travel restrictions due to the Covid-19 pandemic.

Year-end Progress Review of Research Action Plans National Agricultural Research Institutes (NARIs) in 2020

Progress Review of Research Action Plans of all NARS institutions is a mandatory requirement of SLCARP. The performance of research Action Plans for the previous year is reviewed in the first quarter of the current year. The review is done by the expert panel appointed by the council. Head of the institution or a representative presents the institute's progress and the Information of the Institutes, Relevance of the Research, Effectiveness of Findings, and Efficiency, Research outputs, Research outcome, dissemination, and partnerships to the committee. The review report is submitted to the council for approval and sent to the relevant institutions

Performance of research action plans were examined as at the end of December 2020 in 25 research institutes/centers under 05 Ministries. Presentations were made on 27th January 2021 based on Information of the Institutes, Relevance of the Research, Effectiveness of Findings, and Efficiency, Research outputs, Research outcome, dissemination and partnerships. This progress review was conducted with the participation of eminent reviewers in the field of agriculture. A summary document has been finalized and submitted to the higher level in the Government. Total number of scientists participated was around 60.

MOTIVATION OF THE SCIENTISTS

Mandated Function Covered

- Promote and Facilitate Excellence in Agricultural Research (6)
- To Arrange for and Fund Special Scientific Services for the Entire Agricultural Research Sector (9)

Sri Lanka Journal of Food and Agriculture (SLJFA)

During the year 2021, more than 11 research papers were reviewed. The SLJFA Vol. 7 Issue 1 and Vol. 7 Issue 2 were published online in the SLJOL. Due to lack of funding the distribution of printed journal copies (ISSN 2424-6913) was affected. The SLJFA policy is to publish the research papers that are reviewed, revised and accepted by the reviewers and authors on or before 30 June in Issue 1 and 31 December in Issue 2 respectively.

The Research Allowance Program

The Government of Sri Lanka has provided an incentive for the researchers for conducting valuable research programs and as a mechanism to encourage them to conduct highly innovative research to meet the present demands as relevant to their fields of expertise. This is operational through Management Services Department Circular 2/2014. In accordance with the Circular SLCARP has the authority to approve the research allowance for the researchers in agriculture sector. A total of 96 applications for the research allowance was evaluated.

FUNDING

Mandated Function Covered

• Arrange for and Fund Inter-Institutional Agricultural Research Projects (8)

Inter-institutional & Multidisciplinary Research Grant Scheme (IIMDRGS)

This Inter-institutional & Multidisciplinary Research Grant Scheme (IIMDRGS) provides funds to NARS and NUS on a competitive basis to conduct agricultural research programs under the priorities identified by SLCARP. The Research programs should be inter-institutional & Multidisciplinary. In 2021, four research proposals were submitted to SLCARP by NARS and NUS based on the selected 4 concept papers. These proposals were evaluated by the standard procedures followed by SLCARP and with the council approval all four projects were granted. Table 1 shows the detail information of these projects.

Table1: Research Projects awarded

Institute	Project Title	Principal	Awarded
		Investigator	Year
CRI	Physico-chemical, sensory and nutritional characteristics	Dr. L.L.W.C.	2021
	of coconut flour incorporated foods	Yalegama	
DEA	Study of growth and yield performance of cardamom	DrA.L.S	2021
	(Elettaria cardamomum) (Linn.) Maton under pine	Dharmaparakrama	
	plantations in Knuckles region, Sri Lanka		
University	Application of Moringa Oleifera leaf stalk as	Prof. Anton	2021
of Ruhuna	supplementary feed to improve milk production in dairy	Perera	
	cattle		
PRI	Investigating the factors influencing the quality and	Mr. S.	2021
	nutritional composition of Palmyrah fruit pulp during its	Srivijeindran	
	preservation for large scale production		

In 2021 five projects were operated by SLCARP including the four new projects which were awarded in 2021. The research projects operated in 2021 are shown in the table 2.Progress reports of all the projects, operated in 2021 were submitted to SLCARP.

Table 2: The research projects operated in 2021

Institute	Project Title	Principal Investigator	Awarded Year
TRI	Investigation of health-promoting effects of Sri Lankan Tea cultivars	Dr. K.G. Nelum P. Piyasena	2018
CRI	Physico-chemical, sensory and nutritional characteristics of coconut flour incorporated foods	Dr. L.L.W.C. Yalegama	2021
DEA	Study of growth and yield performance of cardamom (Elettaria cardamomum) (Linn.) Maton under pine plantations in Knuckles region, Sri Lanka	DrA.L.S Dharmaparakrama	2021
University of Ruhuna	Application of Moringa Oleifera leaf stalk as supplementary feed to improve milk production in dairy cattle	Prof. Anton Perera	2021
PRI	Investigating the factors influencing the quality and nutritional composition of Palmyrah fruit pulp during its preservation for large scale production	Mr. S. Srivijeindran	2021

HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

Mandated Function Covered

- Promote Linkage between Agricultural Research Institutions at National and International Level (10)
- Arrange Postgraduate Training for Agricultural Research Staff and Interchange/Exchange of Scientists with Recognized Research Institutions Abroad (12)

Capacity Building of Researchers of the NARS under the ICAR-SLCARP MOU

During the year 2021 four scientists of National Agricultural Research System including three scientists from Department of Agriculture and one from Tea Research Institute were continuing their studies towards PhD degree programs under the MOU between ICAR and India. Due to covid-19 Pandemic situation these students came back to Sri Lanka in 2020 under the government repatriate programs and continued their studies in Sri Lanka. During the year 2021 all three scholars from DOA had completed their course works and research component,

submitted thesis, completed thesis defensed and finally completed their studies and at the end of the year 2021 these three DOA scholars obtained their PhD degree. In this regard two scholars Mr. D M Withanawasam and Mrs Vidumini Wickramasinghe went back to India for final requirement of the completion of their degrees. Mr J Dhanajaya from TRI completed his Sri Lankan component of the research component went back to India to continue his Indian component of his research for final requirement of the completion of their degrees.

Details of the completed scholars

Nos	Institute	Name of the Participant	University	Area of Study
1	DOA	Mrs. Vidumini	Kerala Agricultural University,	Agricultural
		Wickramasinghe	Thrissur, India	Microbiology
	DOA	Mrs. N P S Silva	Professor Jayasankar Telangana State	Genetics & Plant
2			Agricultural University (PJTSAU),	Breeding
			Rajendranagar, Hyderabad, India	
	DOA	Mr. D. M.	Acharya N.G. Ranga Agricultural	Genetics & Plant
3		Withanawasam	University, Guntur (Andhra Pradesh),	Breeding
			India	
	TRI	Mr. K A Jeevan	CSK Himachal Pradesh krishi	Plant Breeding &
4		Dananjaya	Vishvavidyalaya (C S KHPKV),India	Genetics

SLCARP has provided the necessary coordination to the scholars for admissions and ensured receipt of funds for the program, throughout year 2021, and all payments due to the scholars were made. In year 2021, 26 scholars returned back to Sri Lanka due to COVID -19 pandemic in the Philippines. Progress of the scholars who are continuing in the respective Universities abroad and who have returned to Sri Lanka are monitored by SLCARP and issues regarding the scholars are regularly reported to the Council of SLCARP. Necessary coordination from SLCARP was provided to all 79 scholars during the pandemic. Three New scholars have started their Post Graduate (PG) studies under special cabinet approvals. Their program will over 2024 December.

Details of the new scholars

Nos	Institute	Name of the Participant	University	Area of Study
1	HARTI	Ms. I K Edirisingha	University Puthra Malaysia	Agriculture Extension
2	VRI	Ms. M G S A Gunarathna	University Puthra Malaysia	Agriculture Extension
3	TRI	Mr. A L R U Kumara	University Puthra Malaysia	Agriculture Extension

Local Post Graduate program

SLCARP has started local PG scholarship program for NARS scientists from 2021 and below listed officers were selected to start PG degrees in Local Universities from year 2022.

Name of	Name	Date of	Years of Service	Title of the Proposed
Organization		Birth		Research
HARTI	Mr. Sidath Bandara	15.03.1975 (46 Yrs)	Research Officer - 2003 to 2014 Senior Research Officer - 2014 to up-to-date Total -18 Yrs.	Water security in the Kala Oya river basin of Sri Lanka: an institutional analysis
HARTI	Ms. Geethani G. de L.W. Samarasinha	19.02.1974 (47 Yrs)	Research Officer - 2003 to 2014 Senior Research Officer - 2014 to up-to-date Total - 18 Yrs	Significance of traditional anicut systems in Sri Lanka in the face of climate change
HARTI	Ms. Sagarika Hitihamu	11.10.1972 (49 Yrs)	Research Officer - 2003 to 2014 Senior Research Officer - 2014 to up-to-date Total -18 Yrs.	Sustainable Dairy Farming Models for Different Farming Systems of Sri Lanka
HARTI	Ms. M.D.Susila Lurdu	14.02.1974 (47 Yrs)	Research Officer - 2003 to 2014 Senior Research Officer - 2014 to up-to-date	Effectiveness of extension communication on agricultural productivity enhancement of food crop sector in Sri Lanka

Name of Organization	Name	Date of Birth	Years of Service	Title of the Proposed Research
			Total – 18 Yrs	
HARTI	Ms. G. V. Norika Aiomi	25.11.1973 (48 Yrs)	Research Officer at HARTI 01.03.2017 Research Assistant in National Science and Technology Commission (2013-2014) Total- 5 Yrs & 8 Months	Integrated nutrient management and soil conservation in upcountry vegetable cultivation; Nuwara Eliya District
DAPH VRI	Dr(Mrs) APDG Pathirana	02.07.1976 (45Yrs)	Veterinary Research Officer 02.10.2006 15 years and 1.5 months	Production of Intramammary herbal Preparation for Dry Cows using Botanical extracts(Ageratumconyzoides, Vernonia cinerea and Ocimum tenuiflorum)
DAPH VRI	Dr(Mrs) PGID Amarasiri	30.11.1987 (34Yrs)	Veterinary Research Officer 07.12.2015 6 Yrs	Development of an irradiated Vaccine for Bovine Babesiosis
SLCARP	Mr L.G. Hettiarachchi	17.04.1988 (33Yrs)	Research Officer 4Yrs	Identification of Total Factor Productivity and its Determinants for Rice Sector in Sri Lanka (Proposed)

<u>Total Number of Scholars who are reading post graduate degrees under the</u>

Capacity Building Long term Training Program of SLCARP in Year 2021

University Putra Malaysia	40
Kaseartsart University	03
University of Philippine s	28
Indian council of Agriculture research universities	05
AIT	03
Total Scholars	79

Asia Pacific Association of Agricultural Research Institute (APAARI)

SLCARP has been a member of APAARI since its inception and pays an annual membership fee. Secretary SLCARP was an executive committee member for years and chairman appointed an executive member Asian Pacific Consortium on Biotechnology and Bio resources (APCOB). Since its establishment APAARI has significantly contributed towards addressing agricultural research needs and enhancing food and nutritional security in the region. The close links, networks, partnerships and collaboration with stakeholders that APAARI has developed over the years, makes the Association a valuable organization in the region. The ultimate aim of APAARI is to help realizing sustainable development goals in Asia and the Pacific. Through the APAARI, two training and invitation for a workshop were offered to SLCARP.

ACHIEVEMENTS OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (SDG) - 2021

In the year 2021, under the National Agricultural Research Plan (NARP), 51 research projects were coordinated to achieve SDGs relevant to "zero hunger" and "climate change" and Thirty five (35) new projects had been recommended for funding in the year 2021. In the program of Funding of Inter-institutional research projects, four research projects were coordinated to achieve SDGs. Short term research priorities were formulated for Agricultural Sector with the impacts of COVID -19 and the food security. The short-term research priorities were formulated for six sectors such as Plantation, Non-plantation, Livestock & Poultry, Aquatic Resources, Forestry and Floriculture.

STAFF OF THE SLCARP

Approved cadre for the SLCARP is 36 and existing cadre in 2021 is 23. The Posts which are fall in vacant; Senior Scientist (02 posts), Research Officer (02 posts), Librarian (01 post), Administrative Officer (01 post), Management Assistant (Technical) (02 post), Management Assistant (Non-Technical) (03 posts), Driver (01 post), and Office Aide (01 post). Staff status as at 31st December 2021, at the Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy is as follows:

Chairman

Prof Gamini Senanayake B.Sc. (Agric.), M.Sc., Ph.D.

Secretary

Mr. Prabath Wimal Kumara, BA, MA

Senior Manager

Deputy Director (Research Management)

Dr. P. H. A. P. C. Girihagama B.Sc. (Agric.), MPhil, Ph.D. (Agric. Economics)

Senior Scientist

Dr. N. S. Jayasekara

B.Sc. (Sci.), MSc. Ph.D. (Agric. Entomology.)

Dr. S. M. P. C. Padmini

B.Sc. (Agric.), MSc, Ph.D. (Agric. Crop Science)

Research Officer

Mr. D. D. S. S. Dissanayake B.Sc. (Agric.)

Mr. L.G. Hettiarachchi B.Sc. (Agric.), MSc.

Middle Manager

Accountant

R M A S H Kumara BBM, MAAT, CBA, CMA, CA CAB II

Assistant Director Administration

Mrs. R.Y.M.P.Ranathunga B.Sc. (Mgt. & Pub Admin.) sp.

Management Assistants (Tec)

Ms. J. A. D. M. P. Jayasinghe, AAT

Ms. S. M. S. U. Kaushalya, AAT

Management Assistants (Non-Tec)

Mrs. H. H. Batagoda

Ms. N. B. S. Dharshani

Mrs. G. A. P. K. Dissanayake

Mrs. A. B. Anjalee

Mr. K. G. S. C. Wanigasekara

Mrs. A. P. M. D. K. Samarajeewa

Mr. R. P. N. B. Premathilaka

Ms.P. G. C. L. Sumanasinghe

Ms. S. R. M. P. H. Samaranayake

Primary Level Skilled

Mr. D. G. A. S. Dassanayake Driver

Mr. D. J. D. R. D. Jayamaha -do-

Primary Level Unskilled

Mr. N. A. K. Weerakkody Office Aide

Ms. A. R. H. Premarathne -do-

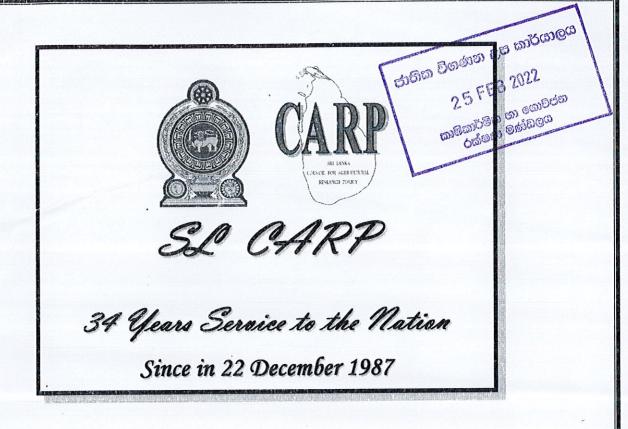
Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Sir Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy is grateful to its entire staff for their hard work and cooperation provided in implementing the accelerated work program. If not for their continuous cooperation and commitment, the volume of work completed in the 2021 could never have been achieved. Our sincere thanks are also due to the Chairman and members of the Council for the valuable support and cooperation extended throughout the year.

SLCARP is also thankful to Hon. Minister of Agriculture, Hon. State Minister of Paddy and Grains, Organic Food, Vegetables, Fruits, Chillies, Onion and Potato Cultivation Promotion, Seed Production and Advanced Technology Agriculture, the Secretary, Ministry of Agriculture, Secretary of State Ministry of Paddy and Grains, Organic Food, Vegetables, Fruits, Chillies, Onion and Potato Cultivation Promotion, Seed Production and Advanced Technology Agriculture, Additional Secretaries, Chief Accountant, Directors and other staff in the Ministry of Agriculture, State Ministry of Paddy and Grains, Organic Food, Vegetables, Fruits, Chillies, Onion and Potato Cultivation Promotion, Seed Production and Advanced Technology Agriculture, and the Audit Unit for their excellent cooperation provided to SLCARP for successful completion of year 2021 work plan.

The cooperation extended by the State Sector Institutions, Universities and relevant Private Sector Organizations are also acknowledged with thanks.



FINAL ACCOUNTS - 2021

Ministry of Agriculture

Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy

114/9, Vidya Mawatha

Colombo 07

SRI LANKA COUNCIL FOR AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH POLICY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31st DECEMBER 2021		2021	2020
	Notes	Rs.	Rs.
ASSETS			
Property, Plant & Equipment	08	20,636,759	27,862,588
Infrastructure	08 - A	471,755	515,967
Work in Progress - CARP New Buildin	g	10,632,304	2,460,000
Total Non Current Assets		31,740,818	30,838,555
Inventories	09	2,484,631	1,819,449
Trade & Other Receivables	10	18,650,226	30,333,005
Cash at Bank	11	31,098,641	19,691,002
Total Current Assets		52,233,499	51,843,456
TOTAL ASSETS		83,974,317	82,682,011
EQUITY & LIABILITIES			
Capital & Reserves			
CARP Fund	12	5,208,877	5,208,877
Treasury Grants - Research	13	8,455,631	15,767
Deferred Income Fund	14	21,108,514	11,581,247
Accumulated Surplus / (Deficit)		38,576,964	33,296,599
Revaluation Reserve			20,000,000
Total Equity Reserves		73,349,986	70,102,490
Non-Current Liabilities			
Retirement Benefit (Gratuity)	15	10,109,125	11,652,262
Total Non-Current Liabilities		10,109,125	11,652,262
Current Liabilities			
Trade & Other Payables	16	416,971	829,024
Kollupitiya A/C No.163297 Closed		98,235	98,235
Total Current Liabilities		515,206	927,259
TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES		83,974,317	82,682,011

The Notes to the Financial Statements form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

These Financial Statements are in compliance with the requirements of the finance Act, No.38 of 1971 and the Public sector accounting standards in Sri Lanka.

The Governing Council is responsible for preparation of these Financial Statements. We approved and signed on behalf of the SLCARP council.

J.A.D.M.P Jayasinghe Prepared By; A.B.A Prasangika Checked By

Prof.Gamini Senanayake

Chairman

Prabath Wimal Kumara

Secretary / Director

Kumara

Chitral Jayawarna

Accountant

Council Member

Prof. Gamini Senanayake Chairman

ka Council for Agricultural Research Policy No: 114/9, Wijerama Mawatha

Sri Lanka Council for Agrico

Prabath Wimal Kumara

R. M. A. S. H. Kumara Council Member Secretary / Director Lanka Council for Agricu Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Police

p114/9, Wijerama MawNoa114/9, Wijerama Mawatha. Colombo 07, Sri Lanka. Colombo 07. Colombo 07.

Colombo 07

No: 114 "

SRI LANKA COUNCIL FOR AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH POLICY STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

AS AT 31st DECEMBER 2021		2021	2020
	Note	Rs.	Rs.
Treasury Grants	01	116,465,861	165,466,233
Other Income	02	11,135,060	702,477
TOTAL INCOME		127,600,921	166,168,710
Operating Expenses	03	74,319,903	109,645,360
DIFFERENCE BETWEEN TREASURY GRANTS, OTHER INCOME AND OPERATING EXPENSES		53,281,018	56,523,350
Administrative Expenses	04	46,338,062	48,959,428
Finance Cost	05	11,767	
DIFFERENCE BETWEEN TREASURY GRANTS & OTHER INCOME AND TOTAL EXPENDITURE		6,931,189	7,563,922
Add / (Less) Prior Year Adjustment	06	(1,650,824)	(1,888,845)
Add / (Less) Write off Assets	07	_	_
EXCESS OF EXPENDITURE OVER INCOME & TREA	ASRY GRANTS	5,280,365	5,675,077
Balance B/F		33,296,599	27,621,522
Balance C/F		38,576,964	33,296,599

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

The Notes to the Financial Statements form an integral part of these Financial Statements.



SRI LANKA COUNCIL FOR AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH POLICY PUBLIC SECTOR ENTITY - STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET/EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31ST 2021

Rs.

	Attribute to Owner	iers of the Controlling Entity	; Entity				
Description	CARP Fund	Treasury Grants - Research	Deferred Income Fund	Other	Revaluation Reserve	Accumulated Surpluses/ (Deficits)	Total Net Assets/ Equity
Balance as at 1st January 2020 Net Becearch Investment	5,208,877	- 27. 51	11,581,247	•		27,621,523	44,411,647
Excess Of Expenditure Over Income & Treasury Grants		13,751				5,675,077	5,675,077
Adjestment for revaluation amount of Office Moter Vehicle	•	ı		20,000,000			20,000,000
Balance as at 31st December 2020	5,208,877	15,767	11,581,247	20,000,000		33,296,600	70,102,491
Balance at January 01st 2021	5,208,877	15,767	11,581,247	20,000,000		33,296,600	70,102,491
Net Research Investment	•	8,439,864	•			•	8,439,864
Excess Of Expenditure Over Income & Treasury Grants	•		•	•		5,280,365	5,280,365
Government Grants Received on Capital Assets	•	•	61,375.00	•		•	61,375
Transfering revaluation amount of Office Moter Vehicle Depriciation Adjestment			(10,534,108)	(20,000,000)	20,000,000		(10,534,108)
Balance as at 31st December 2021	5.208.877	8,455,631	1,108,514	•	20,000,000	38.576.965	73.349.987



SRI LANKA COUNCIL FOR AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH POLICY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net (Surplus) / Deficit for the year	5,280,365	5,675,076
Non-Cash Movements		
Adjustment for		
Depreciation on property, plant & equipment	7,538,950	3,202,691
Treasury Grant Prior year Adjustment		•
Gift depreciation income		
Deferred Income on Funds Received for Fixes Assets	(10,534,108)	
Gratuity Provision for the Year	879,415	2,474,761
Property, Plant & Equipment Disposal Loss		-
Revaluation Reserve	-	
Capital for Research Management Activities	(4,978,761)	
Prior Year Adjustments on Fixes Assets	<u> </u>	-
Prior Year Adjustments on Depriciation	(207,596)	
Prior Year Adjestment Gratuity Provision	569,832	
Reversal of Over Provision - 2019	(613)	
Under Provision for Dep: Computer & Printer	62	
Interest Income		
Distress Loan Interest	(596,951)	(652,357)
Bank Deposits		
Treasury Grant - Capital	13,480,000	15,767
Gratuity Payment	(2,991,770)	_
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	8,438,823	10,715,938
Changes in Working Capital		
(Increase) / Decrease in Inventories	(665,182)	(325,352)
Increase / (Decrease) in trade & other receivables	11,682,778	(11,618,404)
(Increase) / Decrease in creditors and payables	(412,053)	(110,532)
(Increase) / Decrease in Closed Account		98,235
Cash Generated from Operations	19,044,367	(1,240,115)
Net Cash Flows from Operations Activities	19,044,367	(1,240,115)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Purchase of property, plant & equipment	(61,375)	The state of the s
Work in Progress - CARP New Building	(8,172,304)	
Interest income	(0,112,001)	
Distress Loan Interest	596,951	652,357
Bank Deposits		-
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities	(7,636,728)	652,357
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Treasury Grant Received		
Net Fund received		
Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities		-
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash & cash equivalents	11,407,639	(587,758)
Cash & cash equivalents at beginning of the period	19,691,002	20,278,760
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	31,098,641	19,691,002

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.



AS A	T 31 st DECEMBER 2021	2021	2020
		Rs.	Rs.
0.1	The Country of the Co		
01	Treasury Grants	111,487,100	164,482,000
	Recurrent	4,978,761	984,233
	Capital for Research Management Activities	116,465,861	165,466,233
		110,403,801	103,400,230
02	Other Income		
	Distress Loan Interest	596,951	652,357
	Sundry Income	4,001	7,212
	Deferred Income	10,534,108	- (- () -
	Exchange Gain		42,908
		11,135,060	702,47
03	Operating Expenses		
	International Training (A)	69,341,142	108,661,12
	Research Management Activities	4,978,761	984,233
		74,319,903	109,645,36
(A)	International Training		
	Long term Training		
	India	65,234	1,938,69
	Malasiya	56,576,585	71,458,559
	Phillippines	2,636,950	17,727,65
	Thailand	10,062,373	17,467,95
	Thananu	69,341,142	108,592,86
	Short term Training		
	Bangladesh		<u>.</u>
	India	•	-
	Malaysia		Ī
	Thailand		
	Thailand		
	USA Ovientation Program	-	68,25
	Orientation Program		68,25
	Total Expense on International Training	69,341,142	108,661,12



AS A	AT 31st DECEMBER 2021	2021	2020
		Rs.	Rs.
04	Administrative Expenses		
	Allowances to Chairman & Director	1,199,880	1,163,098
	Employee benefits expenses (A)	28,234,786	38,509,748
	Travelling Expenses (B)	91,445	93,375
	Fuel to Members	66,000	85,600
	Allowances to Members	654,000	372,500
	Fule & Lubricant	168,085	100,719
	Uniforms .	15,000	20,000
	Newspapers & Periodicals	10,400	13,380
	Stationery	812,078	549,022
	Repairs & Maintenance (C)	3,553,686	746,130
	Office Upkeep (Janitorial service)	625,134	473,281
	Communication Expenses	518,415	470,012
	Electricity Charges	415,656	576,656
	Security Charges	1,054,152	1,121,347
	Entertainment/ Meeting Expenses	119,882	105,150
	Staff Welfare	466,071	372,775
	Auditor's remuneration	•	372,000
	Staff Training	28,500	48,000
	Insurance	271,400	337,815
	Postage & Stamps	30,549	31,279
	Advertisement	368,874	-
	Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment	7,538,950	3,202,691
	Sundry Expenses	59,706	103,186
	Non Consumable Expenses	5,665	
	Trainee Allowance		13,000
	Translation & Publication	29,748	78,665
		46,338,062	48,959,428



AS AT 31st DECEMBER 2021	2021	2020
	Rs.	Rs.
(A) Salaries and Employee Benefits		
Staff Salaries	15,408,636	16,952,758
Salary Arrears		5,511,309
Cost of Living Allowances	2,178,020	2,353,000
Other Allowances/ Approved Allowances	1,391,073	1,516,420
Overtime	301,898	256,838
Medical Reimbursement	224,461	259,811
Encashment of medical leave	6,576	718,694
Research Allowances	1,873,108	1,624,251
Transport & Fuel Allowance	2,828,765	3,388,200
Contribution to Employees' Provident Fund	2,619,029	2,878,005
Contribution to Employees' Trust Fund	523,806	575,701
Gratuity Expense	879,415	2,474,761
	28,234,786	38,509,748
(B) Travelling Expenses	01.445	02.275
Local	91,445	93,375
	91,445	93,375
(C) Repairs & Maintenance		
Equipments	770,437	270,076
Vehicles	868,807	472,617
Building	1,354,942	3,437
Furniture	559,500	
	3,553,686	746,130
05 Finance Cost		
Debit Tax	•	
Bank Charges		_
Exchange Loss	11,767	
5	11,767	



AS A	T 31st DECEMBER 2021	2021	2020
		Rs.	Rs.
06	Prior Year Adjustment		
	Add:		
	Reversal of Accrued Expenses Provisions Research Management Activity Adjustment Entertainment / Meeting Expences Adjustment	34,000 8,560	31,584 56,178 4,384
	Reversal Over Gratuity Provision - 2019	613	
	Provision for Dep: Office Furniture - 2018 - 2021	207,596	
	Distress Loan Over Deduction Posting Error Year 2019	2,000	
		252,769	92,140
	Less:		
	Provisioning of Accrued Expenses	1,333,699	1,980,99
	Under Gratuity Provision 2018 - 2021	569,832	-
	Under Provision for Dep: Computer & Printer	62	
	Balance as at 31 st December 2021	(1,650,824)	(1,888,84
07	Write off of Assets		
	Balance brought forward- At Cost		
	Computer & Printer		267,800
	Office Equipment		752,303
	Office Furniture & Fixtures		_
		-	1,020,103
	Balance brought forward - Accumulated Depreciation		
	Computer & Printer		267,800
	Office Equipment		752,303
	Office Furniture & Fixtures		<u>-</u>
		-	1,020,103



AS AT 31st DECEMBER 2021

08 Property, Plant and Equipment

	Balance as at	Additions	Disposals	Adjustments	Balance as at
	01-01-21	2021	2021	2021	31-12-21
Cost					
CARP Building	22,325,490		•	•	22,325,490
Computer & Printer	11,471,175		•	-	11,471,175
Computer Software	2,404,427				2,404,427
Office Equipment	10,688,083	56,100		-	10,744,183
Office Furniture	4,022,373		-		4,022,373
Motor Vehicles	20,000,000	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	20,000,000
Library books	143,248	5,275	-	<u>.</u>	148,523
Total	71,054,796	61,375	_		71,116,171

	Balance as at 01-01-21	Charge for the year 2021	Disposals 2021	Adjustments 2021	Balance as at 31-12-21
Accumulated Depreciation					
CARP Building	18,165,094	1,116,275		_	19,281,368
Computer & Printer	10,273,896	699,830	_	62	10,973,789
Computer Software	2,404,427	_	•		2,404,427
Office Equipment	9,081,685	366,202		-	9,447,887
Office Furniture	3,166,379	305,234		(207,596)	3,264,016
Motor Vehicles	<u>-</u>	5,000,000		-	5,000,000
Library books	100,727	7,197		-	107,924
Total	43,192,208	7,494,737	-	(207,534)	50,479,411
Net Book Value as at	27,862,588				20,636,759
2021.12.31	27,002,300				20,030,739

08 - A Infrastructure

	Balance as at	Additions	Disposals	Balance as at	Balance as at
	01-01-21	2021	2021	31-12-21	31-12-19
Cost					
Electronic Data	8,640,585	•	-	8,640,585	8,640,585
Road	884,251	•	-	884,251	884,251
Total	9,524,836		-	9,524,836	9,524,836
	Balance as at	Charge for	Disposals	Balance as at	Balance as at
Accumulated Depreciation	01-01-21	the year 2021	2021	31-12-21	31-12-19
Electronic Data	8,640,585		-	8,640,585	8,640,585
Road	368,284	44,213	-	412,496	368,284
Total	9,008,869	44,213		9,053,081	9,008,869
Net Book Value as at	515,967			471,755	515,967
2020.12.31	515,907			4/1,/33	313,707

AS AT 31 st DECEMBER 2021	2021	2020
	Rs.	Rs.
09 Inventories		
Stamp in hand	11,112	4,420
Stationery	1,778,571	1,251,83
Non- Consumables	694,948	563,192
	2,484,631	1,819,449
10 Trade & Other Receivables		
Staff Debtors - Distress Loan	3,928,726	3,729,262
Staff Debtors - Festival Advance	3,750	3,750
Unsettled Research Imprest	659,131	659,13
Deposits Receivable	75,500	75,50
Prepayment	1,104,818	10,864,57
Income Receivable	386,414	386,41
Floriculture Project	50	5
IFPRI Project	518	513
Receivable - International Training for NARS	12,421,743	14,613,81
Receivable - Research Management Activity	69,576	
	18,650,226	30,333,00
11 Cash at bank		
BOC - Torrington Square	16,094,835	4,569,742
BOC - Loan revol. Fund	5,774,094	5,398,575
BOC Savings A/C - Gratuity Fund	9,229,712	9,722,685
	31,098,641	19,691,002
12 CARP Fund		
Balance as at 01 st January 2021 Prior Year Adjustments	5,208,877	5,208,87
Balance as at 31 st December 2021	5,208,877	5,208,87



AS AT 31st DECEMBER 2021	2021	2020
	Rs.	Rs.
13 Capital Grants - (Treasury Grants - Research)		
Balance at the Beginning of the Year	15,767	
Treasury Grant Received	13,480,000	1,000,000
	13,495,767	1,000,000
Research Management & Related Functions		
Research Management Activities	4,590,681	984,233
Publication, seminars & Workshops	388,080	-
Capital Grants - (Research Management Activities)	4,978,761	984,233
Transfer to Deferred Income Fund End of the Year	61,375	-
	5,040,136	984,233
Net of Capital Grants Transferred to CARP Fund	8,455,631	15,767
14 Deferred Income Fund		
Balance at the Beginning of the Year	11,581,247	11,581,247
Government grants Received on Capital Assets	61,375	·
Transferred Revaluation Reserve	20,000,000	-
Deferred Income for the Year		
For the Assets Purchased Year in 2021	(10,534,108)	-
Balance at the End of the Year	21,108,514	11,581,247



AS AT 31 st DECEMBER 2021	2021 Rs.	2020 Rs.
15 Retirement Benefit (Gratuity Provision)		
Balance as at 01st January 2021	11,652,262	9,177,501
Add: Receipts & Adjustments		
Current Year Provision	879,415	2,474,761
Under Provision - 2018 - 2021	569,832	
	13,101,508	11,652,262
Less: Payment & Adjusment		
Payment to Retired Employees	2,991,770	
Reversal of Over Provision - 2019	613	-
Balance as at 31st December 2021	10,109,125	11,652,262
16 Trade & Other Payables		
Accrued Expenses	181,280	561,558
Deposits Payable	213,693	217,175
Loan Payable	-	6,200
NARP Project	233	233
VAT Payable	12,000	12,000
Retention Payable	9,765	32,831
Other Payable	-	-
Petty Cash	_	(973)
	416,971	829,024



SRI LANKA COUNCIL FOR AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH POLICY COMPARISION OF APPROVED RECURRENT BUDGET (REVISED) AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 2018

Recu	ırrent	Actual Income/ Expenditure 2021 Rs.	Approved Revised Budget 2021 Rs.	Difference/ Excess (Shortage) Rs.
01	Treasury Grants			
	Recurrent	111,487,100	200,000,000	88,512,900
		111,487,100	200,000,000	88,512,900
02	(a) Other Income			
	Distress Loan Interest	596,951		
	Sundry Income	4,001		
	Deferred Income	10,534,108	<u>.</u>	-
		11,135,060		
03	Operating Expenses			
	Interenational Training for NARS	69,341,142	137,898,200	68,557,058
		69,341,142	137,898,200	68,557,058
04	Administrative Expenses			
	Allowances to Chairman	1,199,880	1,199,880	-
	Employee benefits expenses (A)	28,234,786	43,301,062	15,066,276
	Travelling Expenses (B)	91,445	680,000	588,555
	Allowances to Members	654,000	1,080,000	426,000
	Fule & Lubricant	234,085	696,485	462,400
	Uniforms	15,000	33,000	18,000
	Newspapers & Periodicals	10,400	21,600	11,200
	Stationery & Non consumables	817,744	1,403,515	585,771
	Repairs & Maintenance (C)	3,553,686	4,015,445	461,759
	Office Upkeep(Janitorial service)	625,134	657,135	32,001
	Communication Expenses	518,415	720,000	201,585
	Electricity Charges	415,656	764,055	348,399
	Security Charges	1,054,152	1,500,000	445,848
	Entertainment/ Meeting Expenses	119,882	960,000	840,118
	Staff Welfare	466,071	810,000	343,929
	Auditor's remuneration	20.500	936,000	936,000
	Staff Training	28,500	830,000	801,500 383,100
	Insurance	271,400 30,549	654,500 150,000	119,451
	Postage & Stamps Advertisement	368,874	800,000	431,126
	Sundry Expenses	59,706	199,600	139,894
		37,700		
	Trainee Allowance		550,658	550,658
	Translation & Publication	29,748	132,865	103,118
		38,799,112	62,095,800	23,296,688



SRI LANKA COUNCIL FOR AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH POLICY COMPARISION OF APPROVED RECURRENT BUDGET (REVISED) AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 2018

Recu	rrent	Actual Income/ Expenditure 2021 Rs.	Approved Revised Budget 2021 Rs.	Difference/ Excess (Shortage)
		173.		P Final Accounts 2021
A	Employee Benefits Expenses		SECAR	Timar/recounts 2021
	Staff Salaries	15,408,636	21,854,400	6,445,764
	Salary Arrears	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		-
	Cost of Living Allowances	2,178,020	3,369,600	1,191,580
	Other Allowances / Approved Allowance	1,391,073	2,432,400	1,041,328
	Overtime	301,898	500,000	198,102
	Medical Reimbursement	224,461	227,500	3,039
	Encashment of medical leave	6,576	680,000	673,424
	Contribution to Employees' Provident Fund	2,619,029	3,783,600	1,164,571
	Contribution to Employees' Trust Fund	523,806	757,200	233,394
	Defined Benefit Plan Cost - Gratuity	879,415	2,474,762	1,595,347
	Approved Vehicle & fuel Allowances	2,828,765	4,221,600	1,392,835
	Research Allowances	1,873,108	3,000,000	1,126,892
		28,234,786	43,301,062	15,066,276
В	Travelling Expenses			
	Local	91,445	180,000	88,555
	Foreign	-	500,000	
		91,445	680,000	588,555
C	Repairs & Maintenance			
	Equipments	770,437	869,200	98,763
	Vehicles	868,807	1,230,800	361,993
	Building	1,354,942	1,355,945	1,003
	Furniture & Fittings	559,500	559,500	
		3,553,686	4,015,445	461,759
05	Finance Cost			
	Debit Tax		-	-
	Bank Charges		6,000	6,000
	Exchange Loss	11,767	-	(11,767)
		11,767	6,000	(5,767)
		100 153 021	200 000 000	23,290,921
	Grand Total	108,152,021	200,000,000	23,290,921



SRI LANKA COUNCIL FOR AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH POLICY

COMPARISION OF APPROVED CAPITAL BUDGET (REVISED) AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 2021

Folio	Expenditure Category	Objective No./ Section of the Act.	Object Code	Functions	Actual Income/ Expenditure 2021 LKRs. Cts.	Approved Budget 2021 LKRs. Cts.	Difference/ Excess (Shortage) LKRs. Cts.
1	Research Management and Functions of the council	10 - (a)	2501	To advise the Government on all matters regarding the organization, co-ordination, planning and execution of agricultural research and such other related matters as may be referred to it by the Minister	26,000.00	330,000.00	304,000.00
	(Objectives of the Council)	10 - (b)	2501	To formulate national agricultural research policy and priorities	231,500.00	1,600,000.00	1,368,500.00
		10 - (c)	2501	To define the overall aims and scope of agricultural research with a view to furthering national development objectives		850,000.00	850,000.00
		10 - (d)	2501	To make recommendations to the appropriate authorities on the financial, manpower and physical resources required by agricultural research institutions and establishments and on the terms and conditions of service of the staff of such institutions and establishments	172,000.00	300,000.00	128,000.00
	,	10 - (e)	2501	To review institutional and departmental agricultural research programmes and make recommendations with regard to their priorities and funding to the Ministry of the Minister in charge of the subject of Finance and Planning	550,880.00	1,370,000.00	819,120.00
		10 - (f)	2501	To promote and facilitate excellence in agricultural research	113,825.00	5,570,000.00	5,456,175.00
		10 - (g)	2501	To act as a channel of communication between agricultural research institutions and the Government		100,000.00	100,000.00
		10 - (h)	2501	To arrange for and fund inter- institutional agricultural research projects	1,966,049.46	6,350,000.00	4,383,950.54
		10 - (i)	2501	To arrange for and fund special scientific services for the entire agricultural research sector	136,500.00	320,000.00	183,500.00
		10 - (j)	2501	To promote linkage between agricultural research institutions at national and international level	1,225,697.00	4,680,000.00	3,454,303.00
			C	/F	4,422,451.46	21,470,000.00	17,047,548.54



COMPARISION OF APPROVED CAPITAL BUDGET (REVISED) AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 2021

			I	3/F	4,422,451.46	21,470,000.00	17,047,548.54
		10 - (k)	2501	To organize conferences and seminars on international, national and interinstitutional issues relating to agricultural research		300,000.00	300,000.00
		10 - (1)	2401	To arrange for the post-graduate training of agricultural research staff and for interchange of scientists with recognized research institutions abroad:	107,000.00	2,950,000.00	2,843,000.00
		10 - (m)	2501	To review the performance of agricultural research projects, institutions and divisions from time to time.	61,230.00	450,000.00	388,770.00
					4,590,681.46	25,170,000.00	20,579,318.54
2	Acquisition of			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u> </u>
	(a) Plant, Machinery & equipments		2103		8,256,745.06	14,430,000.00	6,173,254.94
	(b) Land & land improvements, information Technology & agricultural Journals		2105				•
					8,256,745.06	14,430,000.00	6,173,254.94
3	Rehabilitation & Improvements of Capital Assets		2502		-		
4	Other Capital expenditure			GEO.	-		
	(a) Restructuring		2502		•	-	
	(b) Seminar, Workshop & Publication		2502		388,079.88	400,000.00	11,920.12
					388,079.88	400,000.00	11,920.12
			Grand T	otal	13,235,506.40	40,000,000.00	26,764,493.60



PART II

17. GENERAL

17.1.1 Basis of Preparation

- a) Statement of compliance The financial statement of the council comprises the Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Financial Performance, cash flow statement, and notes to the financial statement.
- b) The financial statement was authorized for issue by the Council on 15th February 2022.
- c) Reporting entity The institute of Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy has been registered under the Parliament act.No.47 of 1987 on 27th of December 1987. The registered office of the council is situated at No.114/09, Vidya Mawatha, Colombo 07, Sri Lanka.
- d) Principle activities and nature of operations SLCARP was established in 1987, under the Act No.47 of 1987 to ensure that agricultural research is directed towards national development through formulation of agricultural research policy, research prioritization, planning, facilitation, coordination, monitoring, and evaluation of agricultural research.
- e) A Description of the Nature of the Entity Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy is an umbrella organization of the National Agricultural Research System (NARS) that operates within several Ministries. SLCARP came into existence on the 22nd December 1987 to create an environment for more productive agricultural research.

SLCARP's mission is to enhance and mobilize the scientific resources in Sri Lanka efficiently to catalyze agricultural research and technology generation within NARS.

With the Secretariat in Colombo, SLCARP serves as an organization in an advisory capacity for co-coordinating and consolidating efforts within Sri Lanka NARS, funding research projects/programmers, and promoting scientific research linkages in prioritized areas both nationally and internationally. CARP has been instrumental in promoting and facilitating research, by improving and enhancing agricultural research through documentation and communicating the latest advances in research to the NARS scientists. SLCARP has identified its



own perspective, plans, and programs for the future in keeping with the aspirations and goals of the Ministry of Agriculture Development and Agrarian Services to meet the future challenges in enhancing domestic food production and exports focused on poverty reduction.

- f) Our Vision A vibrant and sustainable agricultural research, development, and innovation system assuring socio-economic development of Sri Lanka.
- g) Our Mission To ensure agricultural research, development and innovations are directed towards national development goals through policy formulation, facilitation, coordination, monitoring and evaluation, and impact assessment.

h) Our Mandated Functions - SLCARP

- (1) To advise the Government on all matters regarding the organization, coordination, planning, and execution of agricultural research and such other related matters as may be referred to it by the Minister;
- (2) to formulate national agricultural research policy and priorities;
- (3) to define the overall aims and scope of agricultural research with a view to furthering national development objectives;
- (4) to make recommendations to the appropriate authorities on the financial, manpower, and physical resources required by agricultural research institutions and establishments and on the terms and conditions of service of the staff of such institutions and establishments;
- (5) to review Institutional and departmental agricultural research programmes and make recommendations with regard to their priorities and funding to the Ministry of the Minister in charge of the subject of Finance and Planning;
- (6) to promote and facilitate excellence in agricultural research;
- (7) to act as a channel of communication between agricultural research institutions and the Government;
- (8) to arrange for and fund inter-institutional agricultural research projects;



- (9) to arrange for and fund special scientific services for the entire agricultural research sector;
- (10) to promote linkage between agricultural research institutions at national and international level;
- (11) Organize conferences and seminars on international, national and inter-Institutional issues relating to the agricultural research;
- (12) to arrange for the post-graduate training of agricultural research staff and for interchange of scientists with recognized research institutions abroad; and
- (13) to review the performance of agricultural research projects, institutions and divisions from time to time.

17.1.2. National Agricultural Research Plan (NARP)

National Agricultural Research Plan (NARP) is one of the mandatory functions conducted by the Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy under programme no 1 and 13 of the Action Plan. Under this programme SLCARP does the recommendation of research project proposals for funding, monitoring of ongoing projects, and evaluating of the terminal reports. The main objective of this programme is to facilitate Agricultural research by providing funds, monitoring ongoing projects, and evaluating terminal reports of these projects.

Annually, end of the year, SLCARP prepares NARP, the document containing all the details of the research projects to be conducted in the following year. The projects are implemented by the institutions of the National Agricultural Research System (NARS) and agriculture-related Faculties of the National Universities. Currently, NARP is operated in the Department of Agriculture, Department of Export Agriculture, and agriculture-related Faculties of National Universities. These projects are designed in accordance with the priority areas identified by Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy for a particular period.



t Walter Course

17.1.3. Capacity Building Programme

SLCARP decided to revitalize Human Resources Development for the NARS as there was a felt requirement for training officers to M.Sc. and PhD level. Thus, SLCARP submitted a proposal to the Ministry of Agriculture for Capacity Building of the Researchers of the NARS for which Cabinet Memorandum was issued on 21 September 2017 under the heading of Directing of Researchers of the NARS for Foreign postgraduate degree training.

This programme provides provision for training to address the training requirement of the National Agriculture Research System of this country, which needs much strengthening to meet the challengers of the sector and to be in par with the neighboring countries in the region.

Number of Candidates who have received admission under the Capacity Building long term training Programme of SLCARP in the year 2021 and ongoin scholars of the Capacity Development Programme.

	No of Scholars
University Putra Malaysia - Malaysia	40
University of Philippines Los Banos - Philippines	23
University of the Philippines Diliman – Philippines	01
Kasetsart University Thailand	02
Asian Institute of Technology (AIT) Thailand	02
C S K Himachal Pradesh krishi Vishvavidyalaya - India	01

17.2.1 Accounting Policies and Concepts;

Accounting policies consist of principles, bases, conventions, rules and procedures, and also Accounting concepts are ideas and assumption which are fundamental to accounting practices. Therefore some of our accounting concepts are as follows;

17.2.2 Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cash basis. No adjustment has been made for inflationary factors in the financial statement.

17.3 Functional and presentation of currency

The financial statement of the year end 2010 were presented in Sri Lankan rupees (LKRs.) and nearest cents.

However we have decided to present our Financial Statement in LKRs. And round to the nearest rupee which is effective from the financial year January 01st 2011 and ahead. Year 2017 was presented in LKRs. and rounded to the nearest rupee.



The stipend and University fees relating to Capacity Building program are paid in USD (\$) where that Expenses is converted to LKR at the spot rate of transaction date and prepaid the stipend and University fees are taken in to financial statements at the rate of Balance sheet rate. The difference arisen due to changes on Exchange rate has been taken in to financial statements as exchange gain or Loss.

17.4 Accounting for Govt. Grants disclose of Govt. Assistance

- (a) Accounting for Government Grants & Disclosure of Government Assistance is adopted.
- (b) We further say, that accounting policy had been adopted with regard to the government grants was the method of capital approach but that government grant was related to the fixed assets it had been taken to the accounts under the method of income approach.
- (c) A Deferred Income Fund has been identified only in respect of the assets purchasing since 2018.

17.4.1 Capital Grants (Treasury Grants Research)

According to the Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy Act No.14 of 1987, all the Grants received need to be credited to CARP Fund and all the expenses need to be done out of that. In that Sense Capital Grants (Treasury Grants Research) need to be a considered as a supplementary Note to the CARP Fund and the remaining balance need to be reflected in the CARP Fund each Year. Then only Carp Fund will be remaining as an Equity Fund in Statement of Financial Position.

17.4.2 Research Management Activities

Generally, the Capital Fund is utilized to Research Management Activities where the requirements of LKAS 38 for Intangible assets are not complied with. Hence the Research management activities are in a nature where that could not be capitalized. Due to that reason both the expense and amount of Fund are shown in the Comprehensive Income Statement in order to reflect the effect.



18. 1. VALUATION OF ASSETS

1.1 Property Plant & Equipment

Property plant & equipment are on the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and is provided on the straight line method at the following rates per annum.

a)	Building		05%
b)	Computer & printers		30%
c)	Computer Software		30%
d)	Office Equipment		15%
e)	Office Furniture		15%
f)	Vehicles		25%
g)	Road		05%
h)	Library Book		05%
j)	Electronic Data		30%

1.2 Disposal Value

The value of disposal items has been decided by the council-approved valuation committee.

1.3 Trade & Other Receivables

Trade & Other Receivables incurred Staff Debtors, Unsettled Research Imprest, Deposits, Prepayment, Income receivable & Project receivables.

1.4 Composition of EPF & ETF rates;

	Employer	Employee	Total
EPF	15%	10%	25%
ETF	03%		03%

1.5 Unsettled Research imprest

The research imprest has been given to various research Institutes/ Universities in Sri Lanka. However, some of the research institutes/ Universities do not settle this research imprest at the year-end such amount stated as an unsettled research imprest and the council noted advised to taking the necessary step to settle this unsettle amount during 2022 financial year.



1.6 Stocks

Stocks are shown in the financial statement at lower of market value or purchase price. The stock is valued using FIFO method. The Non Consumables are classified as stock item based on the nature of that category which was previously presented in Property plant and equipment. The Depreciation provided so far is reversed back to Prior Year Adjustments.

1.7 Gratuities

A provision has been made according to regulations 5 of Gratuity Act. No.12 of 1983 in respect of employees eligible under the Act.

1.8 Receivable Deposits

Values of refundable and receivable deposits are named as follows;

A. W. Ranasinghe (Filling Station - Kollupitiya) Postgraduate Institute of Management - Library Sri Lanka Telecom - IDD

1.9 Other Matters

2.0 Ownership of the Building SLCARP

The request has been made to the Secretary Ministry of Agriculture to clear the ownership of the land and building which is used by the SLCARP.

2.1 Pending Litigation of Mr. W.M.D. B. Abyerathne

The Council noted the present status after the disciplinary inquiry - Mr. W.M.D. B. Abyerathne, Former Accountant, SLCARP. In addition, the council approval was also granted to hand over the case against Mr. W.M.D. B. Abyerathne to Attorney General to cover Rs. 587, 418 the amount which is to be recovered from him.



Auditor's Comment



Our Corporate Information

As at 31st of December 2021

Name of the State Owned Enterprise

Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy

Ministry

Ministry of Agriculture

Secretary to the Ministry

Mr. D M L Bandaranayaka

Classification of General Treasury (PED /COP/POLI/Circular-17.06.2015)

Budgetary Funded – Research and Development Agencies/ Entities established under an Act. of Parliament to perform research and development activities for the benefit of the National Economy or in the wider interest of the public are deemed as Research and Development Agencies.

Supervision and Monitoring Role Managed by

Department of Public Enterprises (PED)

Carder Supervision & Corporate Plan Managed by

National Salaries and Carder Commission / Department of Management Services (MSD)

and

Department of Public Enterprises (PED)

Annual Budget and Action Plan Managed by Department of National Budget

Governed by

The Council of Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy

Head of the Council

Secretary / Director

Legal Form

Incorporated Under the Parliament Act.

Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy Act, No. 47 of 1987



Registered Office

No.114/09, Vidya Mawath, Colombo -07

Sri Lanka

Telephone Numbers

0094 - 11 - 2697103, 2697648, 2698001, 2685688, 2665076, 2665077

Fax Number

0094 - 11 - 2982951

E-mail - slcarp.agri@gmail.com

Our Website - www.slcarp.lk

Auditors to the SL CARP

Auditor General

Secretary to the Council / Head of the Department

Secretary / Director

Bankers

Bank of Ceylon -Supper Grade Branch, Independence Square, Colombom07, Sri Lanka.

- Current A/C No. 2323310
- Swift Code BCEYLKLX ,Bank Code 7010 ,Branch Code 453
 - Telephone Number 0094 11-2692506

Lawyers to the SL CARP

Attorney General, AG's Department, Colombo 01, Sri Lanka.



Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy Budget Detail year 2017 - 2021

Year	2017		2018	18	2019	19
Particulars	Recurrent	Capitai	Recurrent	Capital	Recurrent	Capital
Total Estimate	51,854,073.85	175,700,000.00	353,761,221.28	189,500,000.00	287,550,000.00	40,000,000.00
Total Approved	50,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	350,000,000.00	35,000,000.00	35,000,000.00 200,000,000.00	30,000,000.00
Actual Received	43,450,000.00	10,801,000.00	112,584,500.00	14,350,000.00	168,350,300.00	15,000,000.00
Actual Expenses	38,852,244.00	15,087,192.00	84,153,907.00	14,945,548.00	173,238,521.45	16,192,602.90

Year	20	2020	20	2021
Particulars	Recurrent	Capital	Recurrent	Capital
Total Estimate	366,000,000.00	23,000,000.00	214,395,700.00	75,644,000.00
Total Approved	204,500,000.00	1,000,000.00	200,000,000.00	40,000,000.00
Actual Received	164,482,000.00	1,000,000.00	111,487,100.00	13,480,000.00
Actual Expenses	154,417,863.85	999,087.00	999,087.00 111,143,791.00	13,235,506.40

Checked by ; निकी

Accountant ; 人

Prepared by;

1. Financial Statements

1.1 Qualified Opinion

The audit of the financial statements of the Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy for the year ended 31 December 2021 comprising the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021 and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, was carried out under my direction in pursuance of provisions in Article 154(1) of the Constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka read in conjunction with provisions of the National Audit Act, No.19 of 2018 and the Finance Act, No.38 of 1971. My comments and observations which I consider should be reported to Parliament appear in this report.

In my opinion, except for the effects of the matters described in paragraph 1.5 of this report, the accompanying the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Council as at 31 December 2021, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Sri Lanka Public Sector Accounting Standards.

1.2 Basis for Qualified Opinion

My opinion is qualified on the matters described in paragraph 1.5 of this report.

I conducted my audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards (SLAuSs). My responsibilities, under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified opinion.

1.3 Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Sri Lanka Public Sector Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Council's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Council or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Council's financial reporting process.

As per Section 16(1) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018, the Council is required to maintain proper books and records of all its income, expenditure, assets and liabilities, to enable annual and periodic financial statements to be prepared of the Council.

Summary of the Recommendations made at the Audit and Management Committee Meetings Conducted in the year 2021

Composition of the Audit & Management Committee in the Year 2021

- Mr. P G S H Kumara, Department of Project Management & Monitoring, Ministry of Finance Economy & Policy Development – Chairman Period: Up to 27.02.2021
- H G V K T Gunawardana, Department of National Planning, Ministry of Finance -Chairman (Period: From 27.02.2021 to 31.12.2021)
- 3. Dr. S H S Ajantha De Silva, Ministry of Agriculture Member (Period: From to date 01.01.2021 to 31.12.2021)
- 4. Dr. H M P Kithsiri, National Aquatic Resources Research, and Development Agency Member (Period: From to date 01.01.2021 to 31.12.2021)

By Invitation:

- 1. Ms. Udeni Perera, Audit Superintendent, Agricultural & Agrarian Insurance Board Period: Up to 27.02.2021
- 2. Ms. W S Bopegamage, Audit Superintendent/ Agriculture Insurance Board Period: From 27.02.2021 Up to date
- 3. Mr. U S L Kumara Chief Internal Auditor, Ministry of Agriculture Period: Up to 27.02.2021
- 4. Mr. E W G K Priyadarshana Chief Internal Auditor/ Ministry of Agriculture Period: From 09.12.2021 up-to-date

Numbers of Meetings Convened with Duties:

- ❖ 62nd Audit & Management Committee Meeting 16th February 2021
- ❖ 63rd Audit & Management Committee Meeting th July 202120
- ❖ 64th Audit & Management Committee Meeting 09th December 2021

All Audit & Management Committee Meetings' recommendations have been submitted to the Council of SLCARP.

Recommendations made at the Audit & Management Committee Meetings:

Papers submitted at the 62 nd AMC Meeting	Submission	Requirements	Action by
	Information	Recommendation	
Minutes of the 61 st Audit and Management Committee Meeting		Submitted for Recommendation	Secretary
Draft Financial Statements for the year ended 31 st December 2020	-	Submitted for Recommendation	Secretary
Delegation of Authority for the year 2021		Submitted for Recommendation	Secretary

Papers submitted at the 63 rd AMC Meeting	Submission	Requirements	Action by
	Information	Recommendation	
Revised Capital and Recurrent Budget for the year 2022		Submitted for Recommendation	Secretary
The Financial Progress of the SLCARP from January to June 2021	-	Submitted for Recommendation	Secretary

Papers submitted at the 64 th AMC Meeting	Submission Requirements		Action by
	Information	Recommendation	
The Management Audit Report of SLCARP for the year ended - 2020		Submitted for Recommendation	Secretary
The Financial Progress month of the SLCARP from July to October 2021	-	Submitted for Recommendation	Secretary
Revised Recurrent Budget of the SLCARP for the year 2021		Submitted for Recommendation	Secretary

1.4 Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also;

- Appropriate audit procedures were designed and performed identify and assess the risks
 of material misstatement in financial statements whether due to fraud or errors in
 providing a basis for the expressed audit opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud
 may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- An understanding of internal control relevant to the audit was obtained in order to design
 audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Council's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Council to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

The scope of the audit also extended to examine as far as possible, and as far as necessary the following;

- Whether the organization, systems, procedures, books, records and other documents
 have been properly and adequately designed from the point of view of the presentation
 of information to enable a continuous evaluation of the activities of the Council, and
 whether such systems, procedures, books, records and other documents are in effective
 operation;
- Whether the Council has complied with applicable written law, or other general or special directions issued by the governing body of the Council.
- Whether the Council has performed according to its powers, functions and duties; and
 Whether the resources of the Council had been procured and utilized economically,
 efficiently and effectively within the time frames and in compliance with the applicable
 laws.

1.5 Audit Observations on the Preperation of Financial Statements

1.5.1 Non-compliance with Sri Lanka Public Sector Accounting Standards

Non-compliance with Reference to Relevant Standard

(a) For the project titled "National Agricultural Research

Standard No. 11.

Plan (NARP - NUS) - 2021", the State ministry of paddy and Grains, Organic food, Vegetables, Fruits, Chilies, Onion and Potato Cultivation Promotion, Seed Production and Advanced Technology Agriculturehad had given Rs.22,874,537 to the Policy Council in the year 2021. Out of that sum, expenditure of Rs. 12,573,033 had been incurred during the year under review. The balance of Rs. 10,301,504 had been paid to that State Ministry. In this connection, the funds received

and expenses incurred by the Ministry had not been disclosed in the financial statements according to Paragraph 106(a) of Sri Lanka Public Sector Accounting

(b) As the useful life of fixed assets had not been reviewed annually in accordance with Sri Lanka Public Sector Accounting Standards 7, assets belonging to 05 classes of assets costing Rs.31,127,619 were further in use despite being fully depreciated. Accordingly, no action had been taken to revise and adjust the estimated error in the financial statements in accordance with Sri Lanka Public Sector Accounting Standards 3.

Comment of the Management

Action will be taken to disclose this by the notes to the financial statements in due course.

Recommendation

Funds received from the Ministry and the expenditure incurred using those funds should be disclosed in the financial statements.

Action will be taken to make adjustments in the relevant assets in the ensuing year of accounts. Fully depreciated assets should be revalued.

1.5.2 Unauthorized Transactions

Description of the Unauthorized Transactions

Although the tenure of the former Chairman of the Policy Council had ended on 07 November 2018, but sums totalling of Rs. 197,600 had been paid as salary and allowances for the months of November and December 2018.

Comment of the Management

Agreed. The decision of the Board of Council in this connection has already been referred to the Auditor General through the Letter No. SLCARP/AD/AL/2021 dated 31.03.2021.

Recommendati on

Action should be taken to recover the dues from the relevant parties.

1.6 Accounts Receivable and Payable

1.6.1 Receivables

Audit Observations

- (a) Thirty researches of the National Agricultural Research System who had been referred to foreign postgraduate degrees during the period 2017-2021 was paid subsidy allowance of Rs. 12,434,888 for the period during which they had returned to the country without informing the Policy Council and it remained without being recovered,
- (b) Without being taken action to recover the Rs. 659,131 to be settled to the Policy Council out of the funds given to 03 research institutions and 03 universities for agricultural research activities, it had been brought forward in the financial statements from the year 2006.

Comment of the Management

The head of the present working place of this officer has been informed in this regard and the first letter, reminder, 01^{st} reminder have been sent for that purpose. Many officers have responded to it.

Agreed. Details are being searched based on the information available in the Council regarding the amount of Rs.659,131 recoverable to the Council and as per the conclusions thereof, action will be taken to settle this amount in the ensuing year of accounts.

Recommendation

The subsidy allowance paid for the period during which the officers had returned to the country should be recovered forthwith.

Action should be taken to recover the dues from the relevant parties.

2. Financial Review

2.1 Financial Results

The operating results of the year under review was a surplus of Rs. 5,280,365 as compared with the corresponding surplus of Rs. 5,675,077 for the preceding year. Accordingly, a deterioration of Rs. 394,712 was observed in the financial results. This deterioration was mainly due to the decrease in the Treasury grants.

3. Operating Review

3.1 Operating Inefficiencies

Audit Observations

- Decision (a) In terms of Cabinet No ಇ@ಆ/17/1992/728/34 dated 04 October 2017, 150 researchers should be referred to follow Phd. in the countries such as Malaysia, Thailand and Philippine within 05 years at 30 researchers per year and they should select their research topic focusing attention on the issues currently being faced and that may be faced in the agriculture sector of Sri Lanka in future. Nevertheless, despite lapse of 04 years by the year 2021, only 79 researchers had been referred to the programme due to Covid epidemic situation and financial difficulties and only 08 officers had selected their research topic in relation to the fields of agricultural mechanization and organic agriculture that have been identified as to be developed for the betterment of the agricultural sector in Sri Lanka.
- (b) Although the final reports of the researches carried out by the "National Agricultural Research Plan" (NARP) project that provides funds for the agricultural research projects should be reviewed by the Council, the final reports of 18 researches scheduled to be completed relating to the period from 2015 to 2020 had not been timely obtained and reviewed even by the end of the year 2021
- (c) Although the Policy Council had identified the significance of drawing attention to the organic agriculture and introduced 07 priority arrears to increase researches to the research institutions available in Sri Lanka, the research institutions had not been encouraged since the year 2017 to conduct researches on the organic agricultural policy and the quality of the organic foods available in the present market.

Comment of the Management

Once an officer is trained, the other officer will be involved in the training so as not to impede the duties of the research institute. Further, although only researchers can be referred for the years 2018,2019 and 2020, seventy nine researchers were referred by December 2020. Due to the Covid-19 epidemic, it was found difficult to refer new students during the years 2020,2021 and 2022. As the research topic is given on the requirement of the institute of the relevant officer, only 08 officers had referred for the studies in the field of agricultural mechanization and organic agriculture.

Recommendation -----

Researchers should be encouraged to select research topics.

Action will be taken to obtain and review the final research reports compiled by the "National Agricultural Research Plan" (NARP) project that provides funds for agricultural research projects.

Final reports relating to the researches should be timely obtained and reviewed.

Attention has been drawn towards the organic agriculture since the year 2021 and action has been taken to give priority for the organic agricultural researches in planning researches. Provisions have been made for 02 projects under the "National Agriculture Research Plan (NARP)" in the year 2021.

Research institutions should be encouraged to act in accordance with plans.

4. Accountability and Good Governance

4.1 Annual Action Plan

Audit Observations

Although plans had been drawn to conduct 03 workshops on issues of the agricultural and related fields/emerging trends and an annual dialogue as per the Action Plan 2021, those workshops had not been conducted in the year 2021 alleging that funds were not received and due to Covid epidemic situation.

Comment of the Recommendation Management

These workshops could not be conducted due to inability to gather the officers owing to Covid-19 epidemic and non-receipt of capital funds.

Plans should be revised by reviewing the capability of being complied with the plans. Answers for the Auditor General's Report as per 12th sentence of the National Audit Act bearing number 19 of 2018 on Financial Statements and other legal and regulatory requirements of the Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy for the year ending by 31 December 2021

1. Financial Statements

1.2 Basis for the Qualified Opinion

- (a) Action would be taken in future to disclose the funds allocated to National Agricultural Research Plan (NARP NUS) in the Financial Statements according to the paragraph 15 of the Sri Lanka Public Sector Accounting Standards No. 1.
- (b) The fixed assets of which the cost is Rupees 11,045,012 would be reviewed again for the effective life span according to Sri Lanka Public Sector Accounting Standards No. 7 and action would be taken accordingly in the accounting year ahead to tally the same in the relevant assets.

2. Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

2.2.4 The Council has followed effective procedures to recover this sum of money. As the relevant officers from whom this money should be recovered have now come back to this country and on duty in the relevant institutions, Heads of those institutions have been informed to settle the sums of money to the Council according to the Government financial regulations. In connection with this, the first letter, reminder letter and first reminder letter had been forwarded to institutions and many officers have responded to the same forwarding letters to the Council requesting relevant details pertaining to the repayment of the money. The Council has forwarded the replies.

2.3 Other Issues

(a) Even though 3 workshops and 1 annual dialogue had been planned to be conducted in year 2021, these events could not be conducted in year 2021 due to

the inability of gathering of officers in connection with the COVID epidemic

condition and also due to the non-availability of capital budgetary allocations.

(b) As per the Cabinet decision of අමප/17/1992/728/34 dated 04 October 2017,

regarding the direction of 150 researchers to the countries like Malaysia, Thailand

and Philippines during a period of 5 years and accordingly 30 researchers per year

for reading of the post-graduate degree (PhD), the relevant research institutions

select the officers for the reading of these degrees and release officers one by one

for training to overcome the adverse effects on continuous functions of the

institution.

And also, even though 90 researchers could be directed for the three years of

2018, 2019 and 2020, 76 officers had been directed up to December 2020. Due to the COVID epidemic condition taken place during years of 2020, 2021 and 2022

and due to the economic condition in the country, there was a difficulty to direct

new scholars. Nevertheless, 79 scholars were directed towards the month of

December 2021.

(c) Necessary action will be taken to obtain final reports of the completed research of

the National Agricultural Research Plan which provides funds for the agricultural

research projects and to review the same reports.

(d) Emphasis on organic agriculture had been given from year 2021 and when

planning of research for year 2022, the priority had been given to the research

related to organic agriculture. In year 2021, funds had been allocated for 2

projects under National Agricultural Research Plan (NARP).

Mr Prabath Wimal Kumara

Secretary/ Director

Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy

1

Annual Report 2020 – Summary Report Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy

Performance of the Institution

- The Sri Lanka Council for Agricultural Research Policy (SLCARP) is the apex organization in the National Agricultural Research System (NARS) and mandated to conduct external reviews. Structured guidelines for the External Review of the Institutes were developed in 2021 by an expert committee established by the council.
- The COVID 19 pandemic was badly effect to the SLCARP capacity building programme. Many scholars could not complete their studies within given period. The study periods were extended to the scholars who were already reading post graduate degrees in foreign Universities for successful completion of the degree.
- Due to the crisis situation of the country, local post graduate training programme was started to develop human resources capacity of the scientist in the NARS, and seven researchers were selected from Hector Kobbekaduwa Agrarian Research Institute and Veterinary Research Institute.
- As per the recommendation made by the External Review Committee of SLCARP, six National sector committees were formed instead of the disciplinary wise National committees.

The action taken to rectify the deficiencies indicated in audit queries and audit reports

- Action would be taken in future to disclose the funds allocated to National Agricultural Research Plan (NARP NUS) in the Financial Statements according to the paragraph 15 of the Sri Lanka Public Sector Accounting Standards No. 1.
- The Council has followed effective procedures to recover the sum of money from the relevant officers, whom the money should be recovered have now come back to this country
- Necessary action were taken to obtain final reports of the completed research of the National Agricultural Research Plan which provides funds for the agricultural research projects and to review the same reports.

The mid-term actions proposed to be taken

• All Staff have been instructed to follow manifesto of the government to improve the Council's performances